

ULISSE  
BioMed

*We build using DNA:  
the molecule of life*

Sagitta™

## HPV Selfy 19 HR INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

**Multiplex real-time PCR assay for the detection and genotyping of 14 high-risk HPV types and 5 probable high-risk HPV types from cervical swab, vaginal swab and liquid based cervical cytology specimens.**

**14 high-risk HPV genotypes:**

16, 18, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 56, 58, 59, 66, 68

**5 probable high-risk HPV genotypes:**

26, 53, 69, 73, 82

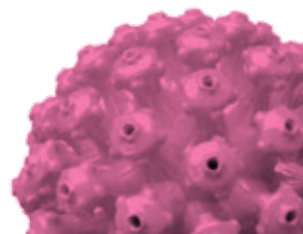
CE IVD

REF UBM0024



### HIGH SENSITIVITY & SPECIFICITY

Multiplex real-time PCR with high sensitivity and specificity by utilization of SAGITTA™ patented



**Version 6 | February 2024**

## **DISCLAIMER**

Copyright © 2024 of Ulisse Biomed S.p.A.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, distributed, or transmitted in any form or by any means, including photocopies, recordings or other electronic or mechanical methods, without the prior written permission of the publisher. For permission requests, write to Ulisse Biomed S.p.A., addressed "Attention: Authorization Coordinator", at the company address.

Ulisse Biomed S.p.A. reserves the right to modify its products and services at any time. This instruction manual is subject to change without notice. Although prepared to ensure accuracy, Ulisse Biomed S.p.A. assumes no liability for errors or for any damages resulting from the application or use of this information.

## **TRADEMARKS**

Registered trademarks used in this document, even if not explicit, are not to be considered unprotected by law. This product and its use are covered by multiple Ulisse Biomed S.p.A. patents.

## INDEX

INDEX .....	3
1. Product description .....	4
<i>Intended use</i> .....	4
<i>Principles and procedure overview</i> .....	4
<i>Storage and handling</i> .....	5
<i>Materials provided</i> .....	5
<i>Materials required but not provided</i> .....	6
<i>Recommended materials</i> .....	7
2. Warnings and precautions .....	8
<i>General warnings and precautions</i> .....	8
<i>Warnings and precautions for molecular biology</i> .....	8
3. Protocol.....	9
<i>Specimen collection, storage and transport</i> .....	9
<i>Procedure for QuantStudio™ 5, Agilent AriaDx</i> .....	10
<i>Procedure for ELITE InGenius®</i> .....	19
4. Limits .....	35
5. Product performance .....	36
<i>Analytical sensitivity</i> .....	36
<i>Analytical specificity (cross-reactivity)</i> .....	36
<i>Interference</i> .....	37
<i>Analytical reproducibility</i> .....	37
<i>Analytical repeatability</i> .....	37
<i>Clinical Performance</i> .....	37
<i>Genotyping capability</i> .....	37
<i>References</i> .....	38
6. Explanations of symbols .....	39
7. Contacts .....	40

# 1. Product description

## Intended use

"HPV Selfy 19 HR" is an *in vitro* diagnostic (IVD) medical device intended for the qualitative multiplex detection and differentiation of nucleic acids from 19 Human Papillomaviruses (HPV), namely 14 high-risk HPV types (HPV 16, 18, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 56, 58, 59, 66, 68) and 5 probable high-risk HPV types (HPV 26, 53, 69, 73, 82), with real-time polymerase chain reaction (PCR) from cervical swab, vaginal swab and liquid based cervical cytology specimens.

The product is intended for professional use as an aid in the diagnosis of Human Papillomavirus (HPV) infections, together with patient's clinical data and other laboratory test results.

Positive results indicate the presence of DNA of one or more of the 19 HPV types, but do not provide information on the presence of bacterial infection or of co-infections with other viruses, included other oncogenic or not-oncogenic HPV types.

Negative results do not preclude HPV infection and therefore, HPV Selfy 19 HR cannot be the only diagnostic tool to evaluate possible treatments and investigations. Negative results should be combined with clinical observations, patient history, and epidemiological information.

## Principles and procedure overview

The HPV Selfy 19 HR assay is based on the proprietary SAGITTA technology of Ulisse Biomed S.p.A. which enables simultaneous detection of multiple pathogens in a single fluorescence channel on real-time PCR instruments by melting curve analysis.

HPV Selfy 19 HR is a multiplex real-time PCR assay that permits the simultaneous amplification, detection and differentiation of target nucleic acids of 19 HPV types (16, 18, 26, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 53, 56, 58, 59, 66, 68, 69, 73, 82) as well as Internal Control (IC).

HPV Selfy 19 HR performs the amplification reaction starting from DNA extracted from each sample under test. HPV Selfy 19 HR is also compatible with unpurified samples upon pre-treatment with Ulisse Faster DNA (Ulisse Biomed, S.p.A.; code #UBM0014; not included in the present kit), a reagent that allows to avoid DNA extraction.

An Internal Control (IC) is incorporated into the product as an endogenous whole process control in order to monitor nucleic acid isolation, and to check for possible PCR inhibition. The IC is amplified simultaneously with the target nucleic acids. HPV Selfy 19 HR uses Human  $\beta$ -globin as an endogenous IC which can ensure purification of DNA, verification of PCR reaction and clarification of cell adequacy from each specimen.

The HPV Selfy 19 HR assay consists of three PCR reactions:

- the first permitting the simultaneous amplification of target DNA of 14 high-risk HPV types (HR HPV PCR Mix);
- the second permitting the simultaneous amplification of target DNA of 5 probable high-risk HPV types (pHR HPV PCR Mix);
- the third permitting the amplification of target DNA of the Human  $\beta$ -globin ( $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix).

In PCR, efficiency can be reduced by inhibitors that may be present in the clinical specimens.

## Storage and handling

The components of HPV Selfy 19 HR should be stored at a temperature between -25 °C and -15 °C, in an upright position and away from light. All components are stable under recommended storage conditions until the expiry date stated on the label. Repeated thawing and freezing should be avoided, as this may reduce the sensitivity. HPV Selfy 19 HR can be frozen and thawed for no more than 6 times; further freezing/thawing cycles may cause a loss of product performance. If the reagents are to be used only intermittently, they should be frozen in aliquots in RNase/DNase free tubes.

## Materials provided

The reagents contained in one kit of HPV Selfy 19 HR (Ulisse Biomed, S.p.A.; code #UBM0024-050) are sufficient for 18 tests, including controls, in optimal reagent consumption conditions (at least 3 tests per session) when used with ELITe InGenius® system.

The reagents contained in one kit of HPV Selfy 19 HR (Ulisse Biomed, S.p.A.; code #UBM0024-050) are sufficient for 50 tests in association with other systems, including controls.

HPV Selfy 19 HR (REF UBM0024-050)			
Contents	Volume	Description	Color
HR HPV Mix	1 X 0.35 mL	Buffered solution containing synthetic DNA for the specific amplification of 14 high-risk HPV types.	Yellow
β-Globin Mix	1 X 0.35 mL	Buffered solution containing synthetic DNA for the specific amplification of β-Globin.	Pink
Reaction Mix (DNA)	2 X 1.50 mL	Buffered solution containing amplification and detection agents.	White
MgCl <sub>2</sub> 25mM solution	2 X 0.10 mL	Magnesium chloride 25mM solution.	Green
Positive Control HPV	2 X 0.20 mL	Buffered solution containing synthetic DNA segments of HPV strains and β-Globin (5,000 copies/μl).	Red
Negative Control	2 X 0.20 mL	Molecular-biology grade water.	White
pHR HPV Mix	1 X 0.35 mL	Buffered solution containing synthetic DNA for the specific amplification of 5 probably high-risk HPV types.	Yellow

## Materials required but not provided

### A. Materials required for every compatible system:

The following materials are required to use HPV Selfy 19 HR on every compatible system:

- molecular-biology grade water, RNase and DNase free.
- Nucleic acid isolation kit (see Nucleic acid isolation).
- 1.5 mL and 5 mL polypropylene capped tubes, sterile, RNase and DNase free.
- Precision calibrated pipettes capable of dispensing 2-20  $\mu$ l (0.1-0.2  $\mu$ l increment), 20-200  $\mu$ l (0.1-0.2  $\mu$ l increment), and 100-1,000  $\mu$ l (1-2  $\mu$ l increment).
- Anti-aerosol, single use, low-retention sterile filter tips for precision pipettes of 2-20  $\mu$ l, 20-200  $\mu$ l, and 100-1,250  $\mu$ l, nuclease free.
- Desktop centrifuge.
- Vortex mixer.
- Class II laminar airflow biological hood.
- QuantStudio™ 5 Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems, Inc.), AriaDx Real-time PCR System (Agilent Technologies, Inc.) or ELITE InGenius® (ELITechGroup, S.p.A.), calibrated following manufacturer's instructions.
- Ice.
- Disposable nitrile powder-free gloves, or similar material, and adequate personal protective equipment.

### B. Materials required for QuantStudio™ 5 Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems, Inc.)

For use with QuantStudio™ 5 Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems, Inc.) instrument the following materials are required:

- MicroAmp™ Optical 96-Well Reaction Plate (Applied Biosystems, Inc.; code #N8010560).
- MicroAmp™ Optical Adhesive Film (Applied Biosystems, Inc.; code #4311971).
- 1x Phosphate Buffered Saline solution (PBS).

### C. Materials required for AriaDx Real-time PCR System (Agilent Technologies, Inc.)

For use with AriaDx Real-time PCR System (Agilent Technologies Inc.) instrument the following materials are required:

- 96-well plates, skirted and low profile (Agilent Technologies, Inc.; code #401490).
- Adhesive plate seals (Agilent Technologies, Inc.; code #401492).
- 1x Phosphate Buffered Saline solution (PBS).

### D. Materials required for ELITE InGenius® (ELITechGroup, S.p.A.)

For use with ELITE InGenius® (ELITechGroup, S.p.A.) instrument the following materials are required:

- extraction cartridges "ELITE InGenius® SP 200" (ELITechGroup, S.p.A.; code #INT032SP200).
- Consumables for extraction "ELITE InGenius® SP 200 Consumable Set" (ELITechGroup, S.p.A.; code #INT032CS).
- Amplification cartridges "ELITE InGenius® PCR Cassette" (ELITechGroup, S.p.A.; code #INT035PCR).
- Tips "300  $\mu$ L Filter tips Axygen" (Axygen BioScience, Inc.; code #TF-350-L-R-S),

- Boxes "ELITE InGenius® Waste Box" (ELITechGroup, S.p.A.; code #F2102-000).
- Sarstedt™ screw cap 2 mL Micro Tube (Sarstedt, AG & Co.; code #72.694.006).
- Sarstedt™ screw cap 0,5 mL Micro Tube (Sarstedt, AG & Co.; code #72.730.005).

Furthermore, the following specific Assay Protocols (ELITechGroup, S.p.A.) are required:

- Assay Protocols for the amplification positive control "ULISSE UBM0024 HR MIX\_PC", "Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix\_PC" and "ULISSE UBM0024 BGLOBIN MIX\_PC".
- Assay Protocols for the amplification negative control "ULISSE UBM0024 HR MIX\_NC", "Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix\_NC" and "ULISSE UBM0024 BGLOBIN MIX\_NC".
- Assay Protocols for the samples to be analyzed "Ulisse UBM0024 HR Mix\_CYT\_200\_200", "Ulisse UBM0024 HR Mix\_CS\_200\_200", "Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix\_CYT\_200\_200", "Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix\_CS\_200\_200", "Ulisse UBM0024 Bgloboin Mix\_CYT\_200\_200" and "Ulisse UBM0024 Bgloboin Mix\_CS\_200\_200".

## Recommended materials

External Positive Controls are available from Microbix Biosystems Inc (<https://microbix.com/home.php>); such controls consist of inactivated high-risk human papillomavirus (HPV) whole-genomes and human cells in 1 mL of preservative solution. Prior to use, each 1 ml control should be combined with 3 mL of pre-qualified, HPV negative liquid-based cytology specimens. Available Positive Controls include:

- Microbix REDx™ HPV 16 Positive Control (Microbix catalog no. RED-62-16)
- Microbix REDx™ HPV 18 Positive Control (Microbix catalog no. RED-62-18)
- Microbix REDx™ HPV 31 Positive Control (Microbix catalog no. RED-62-31)
- Microbix REDx™ HPV 33 Positive Control (Microbix catalog no. RED-62-33)
- Microbix REDx™ HPV 45 Positive Control (Microbix catalog no. RED-62-45)
- Microbix REDx™ HPV 51 Positive Control (Microbix catalog no. RED-62-51)
- Microbix REDx™ HPV 66 Positive Control (Microbix catalog no. RED-62-66)
- Microbix REDx™ HPV Negative Control (Microbix catalog no. RED-99-M1)
- Microbix REDx™ HPV hr-HPV Negative Control (Microbix catalog no. RED-62-67)

## 2. Warnings and precautions

This product is exclusively designed for *in-vitro* use.

### General warnings and precautions

- Handle and dispose of all biological samples as if they were able to transmit infective agents. Avoid direct contact with the biological samples. Avoid splashing or spraying. The materials that come into contact with the biological samples must be treated for at least 30 minutes with 3% sodium hypochlorite or autoclaved for one hour at 121 °C before disposal.
- Handle and dispose of all reagents and all materials used to carry out the assay as if they were able to transmit infective agents. Avoid direct contact with the reagents. Avoid splashing or spraying. Waste must be handled and disposed of in compliance with adequate safety standards.
- Wear suitable protective clothes and gloves; protect eyes and face.
- Never pipette solutions by mouth.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke or apply cosmetic products in the work areas.
- Carefully wash hands after handling samples and reagents.
- Dispose of leftover reagents and waste in compliance with the regulations in force.
- Carefully read all the instructions provided with the product before running the assay.
- While running the assay, follow the instructions provided with the product.
- Do not use the product after the indicated expiry date.
- Do not use the product if, upon receipt, the package is damaged, or the seal is broken.
- Only use the reagents provided with the product and those recommended by the manufacturer.
- Do not pool reagents from different lots or from different tubes of the same lot.
- Do not use reagents from other manufacturers.

### Warnings and precautions for molecular biology

- Molecular biology procedures require qualified and trained staff to avoid the risk of erroneous results, especially due to the degradation of nucleic acids contained in the samples or sample contamination by amplification products.
- Lab coats, gloves and tools dedicated to work session setup are needed.
- The samples must be suitable and, if possible, dedicated for this type of analysis. Samples must be handled under a laminar airflow hood. Pipettes used to handle samples must be exclusively used for this specific purpose.
- The PCR cassettes or plates must be handled in such a way to reduce as much as possible amplification product diffusion into the environment in order to avoid sample and reagent contamination.
- While running the assay, follow the instruction contained in the Human Papillomavirus laboratory manual published by the World Health Organization.



### 3. Protocol

#### Specimen collection, storage and transport

##### A. Specimen Collection

###### Liquid based cervical cytology specimen

Cervical specimen collected in ThinPrep® media using an endocervical brush/spatula has been validated for use with HPV Selfy HR. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for collecting cervical specimen.

###### Cervical swab specimen

For the collection of cervical swab specimen, please use following materials according to manufacturer's instructions:

- FLOQSwab® cone-shaped tip 80 mm (Copan Italia, S.p.A.; code #52980C) for endo-esocervical specimens collection performed by a physician.

###### Vaginal swab specimen

For the self-collection of vaginal swab specimen, please use following materials according to manufacturer's instructions:

- FLOQSwab® regular plus, rounded tip, peelable barcode, no breaking point (Copan Italia, S.p.A.; code #5E046S) for self-collection of vaginal specimens.

##### B. Specimen Storage

The sensitivity of the assay may decrease if specimen is repeatedly frozen and thawed or stored for a long period of time. Nucleic acids should be extracted from the specimen as quickly as possible.

###### Liquid based cervical cytology specimen

Cervical cell specimen collected in ThinPrep® medium may be stored at 2 ~ 8 °C for up to 6 weeks.

###### Cervical and vaginal swab specimens

If the cervical and vaginal swab specimens are not processed directly after their receipt in the laboratory, they have to be stored at -15° ~ -25 °C and have to be processed within one month.

##### C. Specimen Transport

To ensure a high quality of sample, specimens should be transported as soon as possible at indicated temperature.

###### Liquid based cervical cytology specimen

Cervical cell specimen collected in ThinPrep® medium can be transported at 2 ~ 25 °C.

###### Cervical and vaginal swab specimens

Cervical and vaginal swab specimens shall be preferably transported cooled, but they can be transported at room temperature (~ + 25 °C) for a period no longer than 7 days. Cervical and vaginal swab specimens should be shipped to a laboratory as soon as possible after collection, following the laboratory instructions for transports. The samples should be transported following also the local and national instructions for the transport of pathogen material.

## Procedure for QuantStudio™ 5, Agilent AriaDx

The procedure to use HPV Selfy 19 HR with the abovementioned real-time PCR systems consists of six steps:

- A. nucleic acid isolation.
- B. Preparation of amplification PCR mixes.
- C. PCR plate assembly.
- D. Real-time PCR instrument setup.
- E. Interpretation of tests results.
- F. Quality control.

### A. Nucleic acid isolation

Various manufacturers offer nucleic acid isolation kits. Use the right amount of sample according to the protocol in use. The following isolation kits have been validated for use with HPV Selfy 19 HR.

#### a. Preparation of liquid based cervical cytology specimens

Before pretreatment with Ulisse Faster DNA or DNA isolation, liquid based cervical cytology specimens stored in Thin Prep® have to be prepared as indicated hereby:

- vortex the Thin Prep® vial for at least 30 seconds to homogenize the sample.
- Transfer 1.5 mL of liquid based cervical cytology specimen from the original Thin Prep® vial into a 1.5 mL tube. In case of cellular material-rich sample, take the aliquot from the middle phase avoiding the aspiration of cell lumps. In case of cellular material-poor sample, take the aliquot from the bottom phase instead.
- Centrifuge the tube at >9,000 g for 9 minutes.
- Remove the supernatant manually with the pipette, taking care not to aspirate the cell pellet. Excessive leftover of Thin Prep® solution could cause inhibition of the following PCR reaction.
- Add 1 mL of 1x Phosphate Buffered Saline solution (PBS) to the cell pellet and place the tube on the vortex for at least 30 seconds.
- Centrifuge the tube at >9,000 g for 9 minutes.
- Remove the supernatant manually with the pipette, taking care not to aspirate the cell pellet.
- Resuspend in 80 µL of molecular-biology grade water.

The prepared samples can be now pretreated with Ulisse Faster DNA or extracted with DNA isolation kits following manufacturer's instructions.

#### b. Preparation of cervical and vaginal swab specimens

Before pretreatment with Ulisse Faster DNA or DNA isolation, vaginal or cervical swab specimens have to be resuspended as indicated hereby:

- use a pipette with a disposable tip to transfer 2 mL of molecular-biology grade water into the 5 mL tube.
- Immerse the swab in the water with a series of rapid vertical movements; subsequently and without being immersed, the plug must be rotated by pressing it against the walls of the tube in order to facilitate the release of as much material as possible.
- Make the suspension homogeneous by vortexing it for 10-20 seconds so that no precipitate is visible.
- The prepared samples can be now pretreated with Ulisse Faster DNA or extracted with DNA isolation kits following manufacturer's instructions.

c. Compatible isolation kits

The following isolation kits have been validated for use with HPV Selfy 19 HR:

- QIAamp® DNA Mini Kit (Qiagen, Inc.; code #51304); elute in molecular-biology grade water.
- Reliaprep™ Blood gDNA Miniprep System (Promega, Corp.; code #A5082).
- Ulisse Faster DNA (Ulisse Biomed, S.p.A.; code #UBM0014).

## B. Preparation of amplification PCR mix

Thaw the reagents at room temperature ( $\sim +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) for 30 minutes. Mix gently, spin down the content for 5 seconds. Keep all the reagents on ice during the preparation.

Prepare three 1.5 mL polypropylene capped tubes which will contain the HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix respectively; identify the tube with an indelible marker.

Prepare the HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix: for each session, combine the following components sufficient for the number of samples to be tested plus one Positive Control and one Negative Control. All volumes include 10% overage for pipette error.

HR HPV PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for "n" samples plus 2 controls
Reaction Mix (DNA)	12.00 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.20 \times (n + 2) \mu\text{L}$
$\text{MgCl}_2$ 25mM solution	0.60 $\mu\text{L}$	$0.66 \times (n + 2) \mu\text{L}$
HR HPV Mix	5.40 $\mu\text{L}$	$5.94 \times (n + 2) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	18.00 $\mu\text{L}$	-
pHR HPV PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for "n" samples plus 2 controls
Reaction Mix (DNA)	12.00 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.20 \times (n + 2) \mu\text{L}$
$\text{MgCl}_2$ 25mM solution	0.60 $\mu\text{L}$	$0.66 \times (n + 2) \mu\text{L}$
pHR HPV Mix	5.40 $\mu\text{L}$	$5.94 \times (n + 2) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	18.00 $\mu\text{L}$	-
$\beta$ -globin PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for "n" samples plus 2 controls
Reaction Mix (DNA)	12.00 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.20 \times (n + 2) \mu\text{L}$
$\text{MgCl}_2$ 25mM solution	0.60 $\mu\text{L}$	$0.66 \times (n + 2) \mu\text{L}$
$\beta$ -globin Mix	5.40 $\mu\text{L}$	$5.94 \times (n + 2) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	18.00 $\mu\text{L}$	-

At the end, vortex the mix and spin it briefly, avoiding the formation of bubbles.

### C. PCR plate assembly

Load 18  $\mu$ L of HR HPV PCR Mix, 18  $\mu$ L of pHR HPV PCR Mix and 18  $\mu$ L of  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix for each sample in three separate wells.

Load three times 2  $\mu$ L of each biological sample (S1, S2, S3, etc), of mix-specific Positive Control (PC) and of Negative Control (NC): once in the HR HPV PCR Mix-loaded well, once in the pHR HPV PCR Mix-loaded well and once in the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix-loaded well, as indicated in the figure below.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	S1				S1				S1			
B	S2				S2				S2			
C	S3				S3				S3			
D												
E												
F												
G			PC		PC							PC
H			NC		NC							NC

Seal the PCR plate using adequate adhesive seals following manufacturer's instructions.

## D. Real-time PCR instrument setup

Template files for compatible real-time PCR systems are available upon request. To load the template file on the real-time PCR instrument, follow instrument software's instructions.

Before starting the run, insert the samples names.

If you do not want to use the template files or the template files are not available for the instrument, please setup the instrument and protocols according to the following indications:

Parameter			Setting		
Volume			20 µL		
Cover (Lid temperature)			105 °C		
Reporter for each mix			SYBR		
Quencher for each mix			None		
Passive reference <sup>1</sup>			None		
Step	Stage		Time	Temperature	Data collection
PCR	Polymerase activation		30 sec	98.0 °C	-
	Denaturation	repeat 36 cycles	5 sec	98.0 °C	-
	Annealing		10 sec	61.5 °C	-
	Extension		1 sec	72.0 °C	yes <sup>2</sup>
Melting curve	Denaturation		15 sec	95.0 °C	-
	Start melting		60 sec	60.0 °C	-
	Optimal ramp increment / Soak time <sup>3</sup>		0.1 °C / 3 sec		yes
	End melting		1 sec	95.0 °C	-

## E. Interpretation of tests results

The recorded values of the fluorescence in the amplification reactions must be analyzed by the instrument software. Data analysis is performed with the instrument system software, and according to manufacturer's instruction. The values of fluorescence allow determining the threshold cycle (Ct), the cycle in which the fluorescence reached the threshold value. Before starting the analysis, set the threshold as follows:

PCR Instrument	Threshold
QuantStudio™ 5 Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems, Inc.)	300,000
AriaDx Real-time PCR System (Agilent Technologies, Inc.)	2,500

Output cycles of amplification (Ct) are expressed as a numeric value between 1 and 36. If the Ct result is "Undetermined" it means that no signal has been detected above the preset threshold value.

For the interpretation of the result, refer to the "Interpretation table" on the next page

<sup>1</sup> "ROX" is often selected as default passive reference. If template files are not used, remember to deselect any passive reference.

<sup>2</sup> Data collection on instrument AriaDx Real-time PCR System is set up in the annealing stage and not in the extension.

<sup>3</sup> To obtain precise genotyping of HPV types present in the specimen, set up ramp increment temperature <0.2°C (optimal increment is 0.1°C).

### Interpretation table

Ct any HPV PCR Mix	Ct β-globin PCR Mix	Tm any HPV PCR Mix	Tm β-globin PCR Mix	Test status	Result	Interpretation	Suggested action
Numerical value	Numerical value	In the range of the "Genotyping table"	In the range of the "Genotyping table"	Valid	Detected HPV	Positive to one or more high-risk HPV types - possible genotyping	Genotype the sample using the "Genotyping Table"
Undetermined	Numerical value < 30	-	In or out the range of the "Genotyping table"	Valid	Undetected HPV	Negative	-
Numerical value	Undetermined	In the range of the "Genotyping table"	-	Valid	Detected HPV - Undetermined genotype(s)	Positive to one or more high-risk HPV types - genotyping not possible	See "Troubleshooting"
Numerical value	Numerical value	In the range of the "Genotyping table"	Out-of the range of the "Genotyping table"	Valid	Detected HPV - Undetermined genotype(s)	Positive to one or more high-risk HPV types - genotyping not possible	See "Troubleshooting"
Numerical value	Numerical value	Out-of the range of the "Genotyping table"	In the range of the "Genotyping table"	Valid	Undetected HPV	Negative	See "Troubleshooting"
Numerical value	Numerical value	Out-of the range of the "Genotyping table"	Out-of the range of the "Genotyping table"	Invalid	Undetermined HPV	-	See "Troubleshooting"
Numerical value	Undetermined	Out-of the range of the "Genotyping table"	-	Invalid	Undetermined HPV	-	See "Troubleshooting"
Undetermined	Numerical value > 30 or undetermined	-	Not calculated - In or out-of the range of the "Genotyping table"	Invalid	Undetermined HPV)	-	See "Troubleshooting"

Each sample resulting valid and positive for the presence of one or more targeted HPV type, can be further analyzed to determine specifically which HPV type(s) is present.

The HPV Selfy 19 HR assay allows to discriminate 19 HPV types, i.e.: HPV 16, 18, 26, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 53, 56, 58, 59, 66, 68, 69, 73, 82, by means of analysis of melting temperature (Tm) of the amplified DNA analyte. In the HPV Selfy 19 HR assay, each mix enables identification and differentiation of the targeted HPV type since each genotype is characterized by a specific Tm interval in that mix:

- HR HPV PCR Mix detects and differentiates the following HPV types: HPV 16, 18, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 56, 58, 59, 66 and 68;
- pHR HPV PCR Mix detects and differentiates the following HPV types: HPV 26, 53, 69, 73 and 82.

Co-infections of two or more HPV types whose melting peaks are adjacent, in some cases can originate a single melting peak with an intermediate Tm value between those of the individual HPV types.

The Tm can be influenced by some factors relating to the biological sample, mainly related to the buffer used in the isolation method, as well as by the PCR instrument. It is advisable to check that the Tm signals originating in the Positive Control correspond to those indicated in the "Genotyping table" on the next page.

## Genotyping tables

HR HPV PCR Mix					
Instrument					
HPV type	QuantStudio™ 5		HPV type	AriaDx	
	Melting Temperature °C			Melting Temperature °C	
	from	to		from	to
HPV68	72.00	73.20	HPV68	72.40	73.80
HPV59	73.30	74.10	HPV59	74.00	74.60
HPV66	74.50	75.30	HPV66	74.80	75.60
HPV16	76.00	76.95	HPV16	76.20	77.40
HPV35	77.00	78.00	HPV35	77.60	78.40
HPV31	78.20	79.45	HPV31	78.80	79.60
HPV56	79.50	80.00	HPV56	79.80	80.20
HPV52	80.05	80.40	HPV52	80.40	80.60
HPV39	80.60	80.90	HPV39	80.80	81.20
HPV58	81.20	81.80	HPV58	81.40	82.00
HPV51	81.85	82.40	HPV51	82.20	82.60
HPV45	82.50	83.95	HPV45	82.80	83.40
HPV33	84.60	85.30	HPV33	84.60	85.40
HPV18	85.60	87.00	HPV18	85.60	87.00
pHR HPV PCR Mix					
Instrument					
HPV type	QuantStudio™ 5		HPV type	AriaDx	
	Melting Temperature °C			Melting Temperature °C	
	from	to		from	to
HPV26	74.50	75.90	HPV26	74.00	76.00
HPV69	77.30	78.05	HPV69	77.80	78.20
HPV53	78.10	78.90	HPV53	78.40	79.20
HPV82	80.10	81.00	HPV82	80.40	81.20
HPV73	82.10	83.10	HPV73	82.80	84.00
β-globin PCR Mix					
Instrument					
Target	QuantStudio™ 5		Target	AriaDx	
	Melting Temperature °C			Melting Temperature °C	
	from	to		from	to
β-globin	75.50	76.80	β-globin	76.40	77.80

## F. Quality Control

To validate the test results, it is necessary to verify the validity of the PCR run (analysis). For this purpose, a Negative Control and a Positive Control are required for each PCR amplification run, for each of the four PCR Mixes. Negative Control is used to check that no component has been contaminated with nucleic acids during the preparation of the amplification reactions. Positive Controls allow to evaluate the assay performance for each PCR Mix. The analysis is considered valid when all the following conditions are met:

- Positive Control HPV is characterized by amplification curves in the HPV PCR Mix and the β-globin PCR Mix.



Negative Control is characterized by no amplification curves neither in any HPV PCR Mix, nor in the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix.

For a correct genotyping analysis, it is necessary to detect at least one of the melting peaks of the Positive Control HPV tested with HR HPV PCR Mix, the melting peak of the Positive Control HPV tested with pHR HPV PCR Mix, and the melting peak of the Positive Control HPV tested with  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix, within the melting temperature ranges indicated below:

PCR Mix	Target	Melting Temperature Range °C			
		QuantStudio™ 5		AriaDx	
		from	to	from	to
HR HPV PCR Mix	HPV68	72.00	73.20	72.40	73.80
	HPV56	79.50	80.00	79.80	80.20
	HPV18	85.60	87.00	85.60	87.00
pHR HPV PCR Mix	HPV53	78.10	78.90	78.40	79.20
$\beta$ -Globin PCR Mix	$\beta$ -Globin	75.50	76.80	76.40	77.80

If an amplification signal exceeding the threshold value for any HPV PCR Mix or for  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix is detected in the Negative Control, the plate is invalidated, and the test must be repeated after eliminating the contamination source. Clean the PCR sample preparation area and repeat the test with a new kit. Ensure that instrument parameters are correctly set.

If anomalies in the amplification of Positive Controls are observed, the plate is invalidated, and it has to be repeated. In this case contact the supplier of the product.

If anomalies in the melting curve of Positive Controls are observed, the plate valid, but genotyping could not be reliable. In this case contact the supplier of the product.

## Troubleshooting

Sample type	Issue / Error	Possible cause	Possible solution
Positive Control	Invalid Positive Control: no amplification curves	Pipetting error.	Take care when dispensing reagents into the microplate wells.
		PCR mix setup error.	Verify to have executed correctly the instructions described in the paragraph "Preparation of amplification PCR Mix".
		Inadequate storage of reagents.	Use a new aliquot of reagents or a new kit.
		DNase presence.	Use DNase-free consumables.
		PCR failure.	Ensure that instrument's parameters are correct.
		Bubbles in the PCR reaction.	Repeat the test ensuring to avoid bubbles formation in the well.
Negative Control	Invalid Negative Control: presence of amplification curves	Local contamination.	Clean PCR preparation area. Ensure that adequate Personal Protection Equipment are used to reduce contamination risk.
		Reagent contamination.	Use a new aliquot of contaminated reagent(s).
		Inadequate storage of reagents.	Use a new aliquot of reagents or a new kit.
		Pipetting error.	Always change tip between samples. Take care when dispensing reagents into the microplate wells.
		PCR mix setup error.	Verify to have executed correctly the instructions described in the paragraph "Preparation of amplification PCR Mix".
		Plate sealing error.	Take care when sealing the plate and follow the manufacturer's instructions.
Biological sample	Inconclusive genotyping - Invalid test: Out-of the range of the "Genotyping table"	Inadequate sample.	Verify sample compatibility and adequacy.
		Inadequate sample collection, storage or transport.	Repeat DNA isolation or sample collection.
		Inadequate DNA isolation.	Verify DNA isolation compatibility. Repeat DNA isolation.
		Chemical contamination.	
		Bubbles in the PCR reaction.	Repeat the test ensuring to avoid bubbles formation in the well.
	Invalid test: no amplification curve in any HPV PCR Mix and no amplification curve in the $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix or amplification curve with Ct > 30	Inadequate sample.	Verify sample compatibility and adequacy.
		Inadequate sample collection, storage or transport.	Repeat DNA isolation or sample collection.
		Inadequate DNA isolation.	Verify DNA isolation compatibility. Repeat DNA isolation.
		PCR failure.	Ensure that instrument's parameters are correct.
		Bubbles in the PCR reaction.	Repeat the test ensuring to avoid bubbles formation in the well.
		PCR inhibitors presence.	Try to dilute isolated DNA 1:5. Repeat DNA isolation or sample collection.

## Procedure for ELITe InGenius®

The procedure to use HPV Selfy 19 HR with the ELITe InGenius® system consists of three steps:

- A. verification of the system readiness.
- B. Setup of the session.
- C. Review and approval of results.

### A. Verification of the system readiness

Before starting the session, referring to the instrument documentation, it is necessary to:

- switch on the ELITe InGenius® and select the login mode "CLOSED", verify that the amplification controls - Positive Control HPV, associated to Assay Protocols "ULISSE UBM0024 HR MIX\_PC" and "Ulissee UBM0024 pHR Mix\_PC"); and Negative Control, associated to Assay Protocols "ULISSE UBM0024 HR MIX\_NC" and "Ulissee UBM0024 pHR Mix\_NC" - were run in association with the correspondent HPV Mix with the amplification reagent lot to be used and that they are approved and in the valid (Status). Verify that the amplification controls - Positive Control HPV and Negative Control were run in association with  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix, with the amplification reagent lot to be used and that they are approved and in the valid (Status). If there are not amplification controls approved or valid, run them using the dedicated Assay Protocols reported in section " Materials required but not provided" at bullet point "E", as described in the following paragraphs;
- choose the type of run, following the instructions on the Graphical User Interface (GUI) for the session setup and using the Assay Protocols provided by ELITechGroup S.p.A. These IVD protocols were specifically validated with HPV Selfy 19 HR, the ELITe InGenius® instrument and the cited matrices.

The Assay Protocols available for sample testing with the HPV Selfy 19 HR product is described in the table below.

Assay Protocols for HPV Selfy 19 HR			
Name	Matrix/Eluate	Report	Characteristics
Ulissee UBM0024 HR Mix_CYT_200_200	Liquid based cervical cytology specimen	Positive/ Negative	Extraction Input Volume: 200 $\mu$ L Extraction Elute Volume: 200 $\mu$ L Internal Control: NO Sonication: NO Dilution Factor: 1 PCR Mix: HR HPV PCR Mix PCR Mix volume: 45 $\mu$ L Sample PCR input volume: 5 $\mu$ L
Ulissee UBM0024 HR Mix_CS_200_200	Cervical/Vaginal swabs	Positive/ Negative	Extraction Input Volume: 200 $\mu$ L Extraction Elute Volume: 200 $\mu$ L Internal Control: NO Sonication: NO Dilution Factor: 1 PCR Mix: HR HPV PCR Mix PCR Mix volume: 45 $\mu$ L Sample PCR input volume: 5 $\mu$ L

Name	Matrix/Eluate	Report	Characteristics
Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix_CYT_200_200	Liquid based cervical cytology specimen	Positive/ Negative	Extraction Input Volume: 200 µL Extraction Elute Volume: 200 µL Internal Control: NO Sonication: NO Dilution Factor: 1 PCR Mix: pHR HPV PCR Mix PCR Mix volume: 45 µL Sample PCR input volume: 5 µL
Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix_CS_200_200	Cervical/Vaginal swabs	Positive/ Negative	Extraction Input Volume: 200 µL Extraction Elute Volume: 200 µL Internal Control: NO Sonication: NO Dilution Factor: 1 PCR Mix: pHR HPV PCR Mix PCR Mix volume: 45 µL Sample PCR input volume: 5 µL
Ulisse UBM0024 Bglobin Mix_CYT_200_200	Liquid based cervical cytology specimen	Valid/ Not valid	Extraction Input Volume: 200 µL Extraction Elute Volume: 200 µL Internal Control: NO Sonication: NO Dilution Factor: 1 PCR Mix: β-globin PCR Mix PCR Mix volume: 45 µL Sample PCR input volume: 5 µL
Ulisse UBM0024 Bglobin Mix_CS_200_200	Cervical/Vaginal swabs	Valid/ Not valid	Extraction Input Volume: 200 µL Extraction Elute Volume: 200 µL Internal Control: NO Sonication: NO Dilution Factor: 1 PCR Mix: β-globin PCR Mix PCR Mix volume: 45 µL Sample PCR input volume: 5 µL

If the Assay Protocol of interest is not loaded in the system, contact your local ELITechGroup Customer Service.

## B. Setup of the session

The HPV Selfy 19 HR product, in association with the ELITe InGenius® system, can be used in order to perform:

- a. integrated run (Extract + PCR);
- b. amplification run, (PCR only);
- c. amplification Positive Control and Negative Control run (PCR only).

All the parameters needed for the session are included in the Assay Protocols available on the instrument and are automatically recalled when the Assay Protocols are selected.

**Note:** the ELITe InGenius® system can be linked to the "Laboratory Information System" (LIS) through which it is possible to upload the work session information. Refer to the ELITe InGenius® instrument user's manual for more details.

The main steps for the setup of the three types of runs are described here below:

a. Integrated run

To setup an integrated run starting from the primary sample, carry out the following steps as per the Graphic User Interface (GUI):

- thaw the reagents at room temperature ( $\sim + 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) for 30 minutes. Mix gently, spin down the content for 5 seconds. Keep all the reagents on ice during the preparation.
- Prepare three 2 mL Micro Tubes (Sarstedt) which will contain the HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix respectively; identify the tube with an indelible marker.
- Prepare the HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix according to the following tables:

HR HPV PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for $n \leq 4$
Reaction Mix (DNA)	30.0 $\mu\text{L}$	$30.0 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
MgCl <sub>2</sub> 25mM solution	1.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$1.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
HR HPV Mix	13.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	45.0 $\mu\text{L}$	-
pHR HPV PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for $n \leq 4$
Reaction Mix (DNA)	30.0 $\mu\text{L}$	$30.0 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
MgCl <sub>2</sub> 25mM solution	1.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$1.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
pHR HPV Mix	13.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	45.0 $\mu\text{L}$	-
$\beta$ -globin PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for $n \leq 4$
Reaction Mix (DNA)	30.0 $\mu\text{L}$	$30.0 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
MgCl <sub>2</sub> 25mM solution	1.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$1.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
$\beta$ -globin Mix	13.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	45.0 $\mu\text{L}$	-

- At the end, vortex the mix and spin it briefly, avoiding the formation of bubbles.
- Select "Perform Run" from the "Home" screen.
- Ensure that the "Extraction Input Volume" is 200 µL and the "Extraction Elute Volume" is 200 µL.
- If needed, transfer 200 µL of the sample from primary tube to an ELITe InGenius® "Extraction Tube".
- For each Track of interest fill in the "SampleID" (SID) by typing or by scanning the sample barcode.
- Select the Assay Protocol to be used in the "Assay" column (i.e. Ulisse UBM0024 HR Mix\_CYT\_200\_200).
- Ensure that the "Protocol" displayed is: "Extract + PCR".
- Select the sample loading position in the "Sample Position" column:
  - o if a primary tube is used, select "Primary Tube";
  - o if a secondary tube is used, select "Extraction Tube".
- Click "Next" to continue the setup.
- Load the freshly prepared HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and β-globin PCR Mix and on the "Inventory Block" selected by following the GUI instruction and fill in the lot number and expiry date of HPV Selfy 19 HR kit. Click "Next" button to continue the setup.
- Load and check the Tip Racks in the "Inventory Area" selected by following the GUI instruction. Click "Next" button to continue the setup.
- Load the "PCR Cassettes", the "ELITe InGenius® SP 200" extraction cartridges, all the required consumables and the samples to be extracted, following the GUI instruction. Click "Next" to continue the setup.
- Close the instrument door.
- Press "Start" to start the run.
- After process completion, the ELITe InGenius® system allows users to view, approve, store the results and to print and save the report.

**Note:** at the end of the run the remaining extracted sample must be removed from the instrument, capped, identified and stored at -20 °C. Avoid spilling the extracted sample.

**Note:** at the end of the run the PCR Cassettes with the reaction products and the consumables must be removed from the instrument and disposed of without environmental contaminations. Avoid spilling the reaction products.

*b. Amplification run*

To set up the amplification run starting from an already eluted sample, carry out the following steps as per GUI:

- thaw the reagents at room temperature ( $\sim + 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) for 30 minutes. Mix gently, spin down the content for 5 seconds. Keep all the reagents on ice during the preparation.
- Prepare two 2 mL Micro Tubes (Sarstedt) which will contain the HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix respectively; identify the tube with an indelible marker.
- Prepare the HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix according to the following tables:

HR HPV PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for $n \leq 4$
Reaction Mix (DNA)	30.0 $\mu\text{L}$	$30.0 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
$\text{MgCl}_2$ 25mM solution	1.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$1.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
HR HPV Mix	13.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	45.0 $\mu\text{L}$	-
pHR HPV PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for $n \leq 4$
Reaction Mix (DNA)	30.0 $\mu\text{L}$	$30.0 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
$\text{MgCl}_2$ 25mM solution	1.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$1.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
pHR HPV Mix	13.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	45.0 $\mu\text{L}$	-
$\beta$ -globin PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for $n \leq 4$
Reaction Mix (DNA)	30.0 $\mu\text{L}$	$30.0 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
$\text{MgCl}_2$ 25mM solution	1.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$1.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
$\beta$ -globin Mix	13.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	45.0 $\mu\text{L}$	-



- At the end, vortex the mix and spin it briefly, avoiding the formation of bubbles.
- Select "Perform Run" from the "Home" screen.
- Even if no extraction will be carried out, ensure that the Extraction Input Volume is 200 µL and the Extracted Elute Volume is 200 µL.
- For each Track of interest fill in the "SampleID" (SID) by typing or by scanning the sample barcode.
- Select the Assay Protocol to be used in the "Assay" column (i.e. Ulisse UBM0024 HR Mix\_CYT\_200\_200). Select "PCR Only" in the "Protocol" column.
- Ensure the sample loading position in the "Sample Position" column is "Elution Tube (bottom row)". Click "Next" to continue the setup.
- Load the freshly prepared HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix and on the "Inventory Block" selected by following the GUI instruction and fill in the lot number and expiry date of HPV Selfy 19 HR kit. Click "Next" button to continue the setup.
- Load and check the Tip Racks in the "Inventory Area" selected by following the GUI instruction. Click "Next" to continue the setup.
- Load the "PCR Cassette" and the extracted Nucleic Acid samples following the GUI instruction. Click "Next" to continue the setup.
- Close the instrument door.
- Press "Start" to start the run.
- After process completion, the ELITE InGenius® system allows users to view, approve, store the results and to print and save the report.

**Note:** at the end of the run the remaining Extracted Sample must be removed from the instrument, capped and stored at -20 °C. Avoid the spilling of the Extracted Sample.

**Note:** at the end of the run the PCR Cassettes with the reaction products and the consumables must be removed from the instrument and disposed of without environmental contaminations. Avoid any spilling of the reaction products.

c. Amplification run for Positive Control and Negative Control

To setup the amplification run for Positive Control and Negative Control, carry out the following steps as per GUI:

- thaw the reagents at room temperature ( $\sim + 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) for 30 minutes. Mix gently, spin down the content for 5 seconds. Keep all the reagents on ice during the preparation.
- Prepare two 2 mL Micro Tubes (Sarstedt) which will contain the HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix respectively; identify the tube with an indelible marker.
- Prepare the HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix according to the following tables:

HR HPV PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for $n \leq 4$
Reaction Mix (DNA)	30.0 $\mu\text{L}$	$30.0 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
$\text{MgCl}_2$ 25mM solution	1.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$1.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
HR HPV Mix	13.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	45.0 $\mu\text{L}$	-
pHR HPV PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for $n \leq 4$
Reaction Mix (DNA)	30.0 $\mu\text{L}$	$30.0 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
$\text{MgCl}_2$ 25mM solution	1.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$1.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
pHR HPV Mix	13.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	45.0 $\mu\text{L}$	-
$\beta$ -globin PCR Mix		
Reagent	Volume per sample or control	Volume for $n \leq 4$
Reaction Mix (DNA)	30.0 $\mu\text{L}$	$30.0 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
$\text{MgCl}_2$ 25mM solution	1.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$1.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
$\beta$ -globin Mix	13.5 $\mu\text{L}$	$13.5 \times (n + 1) \mu\text{L}$
Total volume	45.0 $\mu\text{L}$	-

- At the end, vortex the mix and spin it briefly, avoiding the formation of bubbles.
- Thaw the Positive Control HPV for the session. Mix gently, spin down the content for 5 seconds. Transfer at least 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of each Positive Control HPV to 3 "Elution tube", provided with the "ELITE InGenius® SP 200 Consumable Set".
- Thaw the Negative Control tube for the session. Mix gently, spin down the content for 5 seconds. Transfer at least 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of Negative Control to 3 "Elution tube", provided with the "ELITE InGenius® SP 200 Consumable Set".
- Select "Perform Run" from the "Home" screen.
- In the Track of interest, select the Assay Protocol to be used in the "Assay" column.
- For the Track of positive control to be amplified with HR HPV PCR Mix, select the Assay Protocol "ULISSE UBM0024 HR MIX\_PC" in the "Assay" column and fill in the lot number and expiry date of Positive Control

HPV.

- For the Track of negative control to be amplified with HR HPV PCR Mix, select the Assay Protocol "ULISSE UBM0024 HR MIX\_NC" in the "Assay" column and fill in the lot number and expiry date of the Negative Control.
- For the Track of positive control to be amplified with pHR HPV PCR Mix, select the Assay Protocol "Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix\_PC" in the "Assay" column and fill in the lot number and expiry date of Positive Control HPV.
- For the Track of negative control to be amplified with pHR HPV PCR Mix, select the Assay Protocol "Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix\_NC" in the "Assay" column and fill in the lot number and expiry date of the Negative Control.
- For the Track of positive control to be amplified with  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix, select the Assay Protocol "ULISSE UBM0024 BGLOBIN MIX\_PC" in the "Assay" column and fill in the lot number and expiry date of Positive Control HPV.
- For the Track of negative control to be amplified with  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix, select the Assay Protocol "ULISSE UBM0024 BGLOBIN MIX\_NC" in the "Assay" column and fill in the lot number and expiry date of the Negative Control.
- Click "Next" to continue the setup.
- Load the freshly prepared HR HPV PCR Mix, the pHR HPV PCR Mix and  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix and on the "Inventory Block" selected by following the GUI instruction and fill in the lot number and expiry date of HPV Selfy 19 HR kit. Click "Next" button to continue the setup.
- Load and check the Tip Racks in the "Inventory Area" selected by following the GUI instruction. Click "Next" to continue the setup.
- Load the "PCR Cassettes", any Positive Control Elution tube and the Negative Control Elution tubes following the GUI instruction. Click "Next" to continue the setup.
- Close the instrument door.
- Press "Start" to start the run.
- After process completion, the ELITE InGenius® system allows users to view, approve, store the results and to print and save the report.

**Note:** at the end of the run the remaining Positive Controls must be removed from the instrument, capped, identified and stored at -20 °C. Avoid spilling the Positive Control. The remaining Negative Control must be disposed.

**Note:** at the end of the run the PCR Cassettes with the reaction products and the consumables must be removed from the instrument and disposed of without environmental contaminations. Avoid spilling the reaction products.

## C. Review and approval of results

At the end of the run, the "Results Display" screen is automatically shown. In this screen the sample / Control results and the information regarding the run are shown. From this screen is possible to approve the result, print or save the reports ("Sample Report" or "Track Report"). Refer to the ELITe InGenius® instrument user's manual for more details.

**Note:** the ELITe InGenius® system can be linked to the "Laboratory Information System" (LIS) through which it is possible send the work session results to the laboratory data center. Refer to the ELITe InGenius® instrument user's manual for more details.

The ELITe InGenius® system generates the results with the product HPV Selfy 19 HR through the following procedure:

- a) validation of amplification Positive Control and Negative Control results.
- b) Validation of sample results.
- c) Sample result reporting.

### a. Validation of amplification Positive Controls and Negative Control results

The fluorescence signals emitted by the amplicons of the HPV types (HR HPV PCR Mix and pHR HPV PCR Mix) and for the IC ( $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix) in the Positive Controls and Negative Control amplification reaction are analyzed and interpreted by the ELITe InGenius® software with the parameters included in the Assay Protocols "ULISSE UBM0024 HR MIX\_PC", "Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix\_PC", "ULISSE UBM0024 BGLOBIN MIX\_PC", "ULISSE UBM0024 HR MIX\_NC", "Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix\_NC" and "ULISSE UBM0024 BGLOBIN MIX\_NC".

The amplification Positive Control and Negative Control results, specific for the lot of amplification reagent used, are recorded in the database (Controls). They can be viewed and approved by personnel qualified as "Administrator" or "Analyst", following the GUI instructions.

The amplification Positive Control and Negative Control results, specific for the amplification reagent lot, **will expire after 15 days**.

The results of Positive Control and Negative Control amplification runs are used by the instrument software to setup the "Control Charts" monitoring the amplification step performances. Refer to the instrument user's manual for more details.

**Note:** when approving the result of the amplification of the Positive Controls, to verify the reliability of the genotyping it is necessary to check the graphs of the melting curve of the mixes in the work session report. The melting temperatures ( $T_m$ ) to be observed in the Positive Controls are listed in the table called "Positive Control - Melting temperatures observed on ELITe InGenius®" shown below. For a reliable genotyping at least one of the melting peaks of the Positive Controls HPV tested with the HR HPV PCR Mixes, the melting peak of the Positive Control HPV tested with the pHR HPV PCR Mix, and the melting peak of the Positive Control HPV tested with the  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix must be detected.

**Note:** when the amplification Positive Control or Negative Control result does not meet the acceptance criteria, the "not passed" message is shown on the "Controls" screen and it is not possible to approve it. In this case, the amplification Positive Control or Negative Control reaction has to be repeated.

**Note:** when the Positive Control and/or Negative Control is run together with samples to be tested and its result is invalid, the entire session is invalid. In this case, the amplification of all samples must be repeated too.

*Positive Controls - Melting temperatures observed on ELITE InGenius®*

Positive Control	PCR Mix	Positive Control target	Melting temperature range °C	
			from	to
Positive Control HPV	HR HPV PCR Mix	HPV68	72.0	73.3
		HPV56	79.4	80.1
		HPV18	85.6	87.0
	β-globin PCR Mix	β-globin	75.2	77.4
	pHR HPV PCR Mix	HPV53	78.1	80.2

### *b. Validation of Sample results*

The fluorescence signals emitted by the amplicons of the HPV types (HR HPV PCR Mix and pHR HPV PCR Mix) and for the IC ( $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix) in the sample amplification reactions are analyzed and interpreted by the instrument software with the parameters included in the Assay Protocol.

Results are shown in the reports generated by the instrument ("Result Display").

The sample run can be approved when the two conditions reported in the table below are met.

1) Positive Control	Status
HR HPV Positive Control "ULISSE UBM0024 HR MIX_PC"	APPROVED
pHR HPV Positive Control "Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix_PC"	APPROVED
HR HPV Positive Control "ULISSE UBM0024 BGLOBIN MIX_PC"	APPROVED
2) Negative Control	Status
Negative Control "ULISSE UBM0024 HR MIX_NC"	APPROVED
Negative Control "Ulisse UBM0024 pHR Mix_NC"	APPROVED
Negative Control "ULISSE UBM0024 BGLOBIN MIX_NC"	APPROVED

For each sample, the assay result is interpreted by the system as established by the ELITE InGenius® software algorithm and the Assay Protocol parameters.

The possible result messages of a sample are listed the table below.

Result of sample run with all HPV PCR Mixes	Interpretation
HPV:DNA Detected Check Tm result	One or more type(s) is detected with Ct calculated. Check Tm results for genotype.
HPV:Check Bglobin mix result	Sample has a Ct value Undetermined and a Tm value calculated. Sample is HPV-negative. Sample has a Ct value Undetermined and a Tm value not calculated. Sample is HPV-negative. Sample validity depends, in both cases, on $\beta$ -globin Ct value and Tm value obtained.
Result of sample run with $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix	Interpretation
Bglobin:DNA Detected Tm within range	Sample has a $\beta$ -globin Ct value lower than 30, a $\beta$ -globin Tm value within the acceptance range. Sample is valid.
Bglobin:DNA Detected Tm out of range-Retest Sample	Sample has a $\beta$ -globin Ct value lower than 30 but a Tm value out of the acceptance range. Sample is invalid.
Invalid – retest the sample	Sample has a $\beta$ -globin Ct value higher than 30. Sample is invalid.

HPV positive samples are reported as "HPV:DNA Detected Check Tm result" by the ELITE InGenius® software. In this case, genotyping must be evaluated after the run, manually checking Tm values obtained.

If the HPV Ct value is calculated and the sample is reported as "HPV:DNA Detected Check Tm result" by the ELITE InGenius® software, but Tm values are not calculated, the dissociation curve analysis was not efficiently carried out due to problems with sample (inhibitors carry-over in the eluate or presence of other interfering SNPs), which may cause incorrect results. In this case, the sample has to be retested.

Samples with Ct value Undetermined for HPV target, with and without a calculated Tm, are reported as "HPV:Check Bgloboin mix result", by the ELITe InGenius® software. In this case, the sample is considered HPV-negative. Sample validity depends on  $\beta$ -globin Ct value and Tm value obtained. In this case, if the respective result obtained with  $\beta$ -globin PCR Mix is reported as "Bgloboin: DNA Detected Tm within range" by the ELITe InGenius® software, sample is considered a valid negative.

Samples results related to  $\beta$ -globin target reported as "Bgloboin:DNA Detected Tm out of range-Retest Sample " or "Invalid - Retest Sample" by the ELITe InGenius software are not suitable for result interpretation. In this case, the human genomic DNA of the sample was not efficiently detected due to problems in the amplification or extraction step (degradation of DNA, loss of DNA during the extraction, inhibitors carry-over in the eluate or DNA quantity in the sample not sufficient), which may cause incorrect results. When the eluate volume is sufficient, the extracted sample can be retested via an amplification run in "PCR Only" mode. In the case of a second invalid result, the sample must be retested starting from extraction of a new aliquot using "Extract + PCR" mode.

**Note:** the results obtained with this assay must be interpreted taking into consideration all the clinical data and the other laboratory test outcomes concerning the patient.

**Note:** when approving the assay results, always verify the instrument outcome by checking the melting curve plots in the work session report. The melting temperatures (Tm) of each HPV genotype in analysis have to correspond to the peaks showed in the melting curve plots (see table below).

Co-infections of two or more HPV types whose melting peaks are adjacent, in some cases can originate a single melting peak with an intermediate Tm value between those of the individual HPV types.

The sample run results are stored in the database and, if valid, can be approved (Result Display) by personnel qualified as "Administrator" or "Analyst", following the GUI instruction. From the "Result Display" window it is possible to print and save the Sample run results as "Sample Report" and "Track Report".

*Genotyping table for ELITe InGenius®*

HR HPV PCR Mix		
HPV Type	Melting Temperature °C	
	from	to
HPV68	72.0	73.3
HPV59	73.4	74.0
HPV66	74.2	75.2
HPV16	76.0	77.0
HPV35	77.3	78.3
HPV31	78.5	79.2
HPV56	79.4	80.1
HPV52	80.2	80.5
HPV39	80.6	81.0
HPV58	81.1	81.7
HPV51	81.9	82.3
HPV45	82.4	83.0
HPV33	84.8	85.4
HPV18	85.6	87.0
pHR HPV PCR Mix		
HPV Type	Melting Temperature °C	
	from	to
HPV26	74.3	75.8
HPV69	77.2	78.0
HPV53	78.1	80.2
HPV82	80.3	81.3
HPV73	81.4	84.0
β-globin PCR Mix		
Target	Melting Temperature °C	
	from	to
β-globin	75.2	77.4



c. Sample result reporting

The sample results are stored in the database and can be exported as "Sample Report" and "Track Report".

The "Sample Report" shows the details of a work session sorted by selected sample (SID).

The "Track Report" shows the details of a work session by selected Track.

The "Sample Report" and "Track Report" can be printed and signed by authorized personnel.

## Troubleshooting for ELITe InGenius®

Sample type	Issue / Error	Possible cause	Solution
Positive Control	Invalid Positive Control reaction	Instrument setting error.	Check the position of HPV PCR Mixes and positive control. Check the volumes of HPV PCR Mixes and positive control.
		Positive control degradation.	Use a new aliquot of positive control.
		PCR Mix degradation.	Use a new aliquot of HPV PCR Mixes.
		Instrument error.	Contact ELITechGroup Technical Service.
Negative Control	Invalid Negative Control reaction	Instrument setting error.	Check the position of HPV PCR Mixes and negative control. Check the volumes of HPV PCR Mixes and negative control.
		Contamination of the negative control	Use a new aliquot of molecular-biology grade water.
		Contamination of the PCR Mix.	Use a new aliquot of HPV PCR Mixes.
		Contamination of the Extraction Area, of Racks or of Inventory Block	Clean surfaces with aqueous detergents, wash lab coats, replace test tubes and tips in use.
Biological sample	Invalid or Inconclusive Sample reaction	Instrument setting error.	Check the position of HPV PCR Mixes and sample. Check the volumes of HPV PCR Mixes and sample.
		PCR Mix degradation.	Use a new aliquot of HPV PCR Mixes.
		Interfering substances in the sample.	Repeat the amplification with a 1:2 dilution in molecular-biology grade water of eluted sample in a "PCR only" session.
		DNA quantity not sufficient in the sample.	Repeat the extraction and amplification with a new aliquot of the sample in a "Extract + PCR" session.
		Instrument error.	Contact ELITechGroup Technical Service.
N.A.	Error 30103	Too high concentration of the target in the sample.	Repeat the amplification reaction of the sample with a 1:10 dilution of the eluted sample in molecular-biology grade water in a session in "PCR Only" mode.
N.A.	TH Error, SDM error, Ct error	Sample with anomalous plot shape.	Repeat the amplification reaction of the sample with a 1:10 dilution of the eluted sample in molecular-biology grade water in a session in "PCR Only" mode.

## 4. Limits

HPV Selfy 19 HR detects DNA of 14 high-risk HPV types (HPV 16, 18, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 56, 58, 59, 66, 68) and 5 probable high-risk HPV types (HPV 26, 53, 69, 73, 82). This test does not detect DNA of other HPV types. HPV Selfy 19 HR provides a qualitative result.

HPV Selfy 19 HR should only be used with cervical swab, vaginal swab and liquid based cervical cytology specimens. Consult the manufacturer's instructions for technical specifications, limitations, warnings and instructions on the use of the collection devices. The performance of the method has not been evaluated with other types of samples.

The results obtained with this product depend on an adequate identification, collection, transport, storage and processing of the samples. To avoid incorrect results, it is therefore necessary to take care during these steps and to carefully follow the instructions for use provided with the nucleic acid isolation kits.

Owing to its high analytical sensitivity, the real-time amplification method used in this product is sensitive to cross-contaminations from the positive samples, the positive control and the same amplification products. Cross-contaminations cause false positive results. The product format is able to limit cross-contaminations. However, cross-contaminations can be avoided only by good laboratory practices and following these instructions for use.

The presence of blood can interfere with HPV Selfy 19 HR.

A negative result obtained with this product means that the target DNA is not detected in the DNA extracted from the sample. It cannot be excluded that the target DNA has a lower titre than the product detection limit (see Product performance). In this case the result could be a false negative.

Moreover, test results may be affected by improper specimen collection, technical error, or specimen mix-up, as well as by the presence of interfering substances.

In case of co-infections, the sensitivity for one target can be affected by the amplification of another target.

Possible polymorphisms within the region of the target DNA covered by the product primers and probes may impair detection of target DNA.

Prevalence of HPV infection in a population may affect performance. Positive predictive value decreases when testing populations with low prevalence or individuals with no risk of infection.

HPV infection is not an indicator of the presence of a high-grade cytological lesion (HSIL) or a precancerous intraepithelial lesion (CIN), nor does it imply that a CIN2 / 3 lesion or cancer will develop. Most women infected with one or more high-risk HPV types do not develop CIN2 / 3 or cancer.

A negative HPV test does not rule out the possibility of developing a high-grade cytological lesion (HSIL) or a precancerous intraepithelial CIN2 / 3 lesion or cancer. A small percentage of such lesions and tumors occur in women who are found to be HPV-negative based on existing technologies.

HPV Selfy 19 HR should be used in conjunction with clinical information from other diagnostic and screening tests, physical medical inspection, and complete medical history, according to appropriate patient management. HPV Selfy 19 HR should not be used as the sole method of diagnosing and treating patients.

As with any other diagnostic medical device, there is a residual risk of invalid, false positive and false negative results obtained with this product. This residual risk cannot be eliminated or further reduced. In some cases, this residual risk could contribute to wrong decisions with potentially dangerous effects for the patient.

HPV Selfy 19 HR has not been evaluated for the management of women with previous cytological or histological abnormalities, hysterectomy, less than 25 years or more than 64 years, postmenopausal or with other risk factors (HIV+, immune-compromised, exposed to Diethylstilbestrol, with previous sexually transmitted diseases).

## 5. Product performance

All performance characteristics data were determined using manual result interpretation and QuantStudio™ 5 Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems, Inc.). Similar performance on AriaDx Real-time PCR System (Agilent Technologies, Inc.) and on ELITe InGenius® (ELITechGroup S.p.A.) has been established by equivalence studies.

### Analytical sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity, or Limit of detection (LoD), is defined as the lowest concentration which >95% of the tested samples generate a positive result. LoD of HPV Selfy 19 HR was determined by spiking full genome HPV plasmids at known concentration. The LoD of HPV Selfy 19 HR is 100 copies/reaction for all HPV types, except for HPV 26, 53, 69, 73, 82 (500 copies).

### Analytical specificity (cross-reactivity)

The potential cross-reactivity of the HPV Selfy 19 HR assay was evaluated through testing a panel of 17 bacteria, viruses and fungi, and human genomic DNA. No cross-reactivity was observed in these group of pathogens.

Organism	Concentration	Result   Ct
Campylobacter jejuni	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Candida albicans	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Chlamydia trachomatis	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Cytomegalovirus	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Gardnerella vaginalis	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Herpes Simplex 1	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Herpes Simplex 2	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
HIV-1 (dsDNA gag-env-pol)	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Human genomic DNA	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Mycoplasma genitalium	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Mycoplasma hominis	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Neisseria flava	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Neisseria gonorrhoeae	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Neisseria meningitidis	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Treponema pallidum	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Trichomonas vaginalis	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Ureaplasma parvum	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative
Ureaplasma urealyticum	10 <sup>4</sup> copies / reaction	Negative

## Interference

HPV Selfy 19 HR uses well established conventional nucleic acid isolation methods and based on our experience with other similar assays, we do not expect interference from common endogenous substances. Regarding interference of substances in the case HPV Selfy 19 HR is used in a direct PCR mode upon Ulisse Faster DNA pretreatment, the following substances have been investigated for interference. No interference was observed for vaginal douches containing 0.2% hyaluronic acid, up to 50% concentration, whereas blood has an inhibitory power already at 10% concentration. Other interference substances have not been tested.

## Analytical reproducibility

The reproducibility of HPV Selfy 19 HR was determined by analyzing full-genome HPV plasmids; each comparison was performed by several operators, each of whom used different PCR machines. The inter-assay coefficient of variation (CV) calculated on the amplification cycles (Ct) is lower than 5%.

## Analytical repeatability

The intra-assay Coefficient of Variation (CV) for the Ct value was measured on 10 replicates of different full-genome HPV plasmids diluted to 1,000 copies / reaction, analyzed in the same PCR analysis. All CVs found are lower than 5%.

## Clinical Performance

The clinical performance of HR HPV PCR Mix was evaluated on a library of 98 liquid based cervical cytology specimens from women over 30 years of age and histology >CIN2, and 791 liquid based cervical cytology specimens from women over 30 years of age, with negative cytology and previous negative Pap Test result, all previously tested with Digene HC2 high-risk HPV DNA (Qiagen, Inc.; code #5197-1330). These liquid based cervical cytology specimens were analyzed with HR HPV PCR Mix after DNA isolation with Reliaprep™ Blood gDNA Miniprep System (Promega, Corp.; code #A5082). The relative sensitivity of HR HPV PCR Mix compared to the Digene HC2 high-risk HPV DNA (Qiagen, Inc.; code #5197-1330) performed on the same samples is 1.07 (87/98 HR HPV PCR Mix vs 81/98 HC2), while the relative specificity is 0.92 (680/791 HR HPV PCR Mix vs 742/791 HC2).

A subset of 144 liquid based cervical cytology specimens (72 positive and 72 negative) were also pretreated with Ulisse Faster DNA (Ulisse Biomed, S.p.A.; code #UBM0014) and then analyzed with HR HPV PCR Mix; the agreement between the two methods was 100%.

119 self-collected vaginal swabs derived from CIN2+ women and 791 paired self-collected vaginal swabs collected from women with negative cytology and previous negative Pap Test were analyzed with HR HPV PCR Mix in comparison with HR HPV PCR Mix executed on paired clinician-collected liquid based cervical cytology specimens. HR HPV PCR Mix was performed in combination with Ulisse Faster DNA (Ulisse Biomed, S.p.A.; code #UBM0014). Relative sensitivity of HPV Selfy is 0.92 (96/119 on self-collected samples vs 104/119 on clinician-collected samples), whereas relative specificity is 1.03 (706/791 on self-collected samples vs 681/791 on clinician-collected samples).

The clinical performance of pHR HPV PCR Mix was evaluated on a library of 59 remnant clinical self-collected vaginal specimens, in combination with Ulisse Faster DNA direct kit (Ulisse BioMed DNA; ref. UBM0014). Reference test was CLART® HPV4 (Genomica, SAU; code #CS-0215-48) assay. Of 17 positive samples, 16 were positive to pHR HPV PCR Mix as well; on 43 negative samples, 42 were negative for pHR HPV PCR Mix. Overall, we calculated a total agreement of 97% (Cohen's kappa: 0.91, Almost perfect agreement); relative diagnostic sensitivity was 94% and diagnostic specificity was 98%.

## Genotyping capability

To assess the genotyping ability of HPV Selfy 19 HR, 59 randomly selected samples positive to HPV Selfy 19












HR were tested with the CLART® HPV4 (Genomica, SAU; code #CS-0215-48) assay, which can provide genotyping information. CLART identified 88 different viral infections, while 81 infections were found by HPV Selfy 19 HR. Overall, the agreement on HPV genotyping between the two tests was very good. In this subpopulation, the CLART test detected fewer HPV68 and HPV39 infections than HPV Selfy 19 HR, while the HPV Selfy 19 HR detected fewer HPV59 and HPV66 infections. We repeated HPV Selfy 19 HR on the same samples to estimate the reproducibility of the genotyping and obtained substantial to perfect agreement with type-specific kappa in the range of 0.73 to 1.00.

## References

- Meijer et al. *Guidelines for human papillomavirus DNA test requirements for primary cervical cancer screening in women 30 years and older*. Int J Cancer (2009).
- Arbyn et al. *VALHUDES: A protocol for validation of human papillomavirus assays and collection devices for HPV testing on self-samples and urine samples*. Journal of Clinical Virology 107 (2018).
- Avian et al. *Clinical validation of full HR-HPV genotyping HPV Selfy assay according to the international guidelines for HPV test requirements for cervical cancer screening on clinician-collected and self-collected samples*. Journal of Translational Medicine (2022).

## 6. Explanations of symbols

Key to symbols used in the manual and labels.

Symbol	Explanation
	<i>In vitro</i> diagnostic medical device
	Batch code
	Catalogue number
	Use by date
	Temperature limit
	Positive Control (PC)
	Negative Control (NC)
	Consult instructions for use
	Manufacturer
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests
	Do not use if package is damaged and consult instructions for use

## 7. Contacts

Contact your local Ulisse Biomed representative for assistance.



Ulisse Biomed S.p.A.  
Via Camillo Benso di Cavour 20  
33100 - Udine (UD)  
Italy

Customer Support & Technical Support: [support@ulissebiomed.com](mailto:support@ulissebiomed.com)

For more contact information visit [www.ulissebiomed.com](http://www.ulissebiomed.com)



